

# WHAT IS A CIRCLE?

A BEGINNERS GUIDE TO RESTORATIVE JUSTICE



### **WHY CIRCLES?**

COMMUNICATION, CONNECTION,

**Circle Definition**: a restorative practice that uses intentional questions to explore the root causes behind a conflict or harm involving individual(s) groups, or a community.

The goal is for participants to move towards accountability, empathy, and resolution.

Peacemaking circle is another name for a circle, which is a common practice used among the many indigenous tribes of North America.

There are several types of circles to utilize, which include:

- Peacemaking
- Healing
- · Community-building
- Listening



## **STEPS OF A CIRCLE**



To note: these are the general steps to a peacemaking circle.



Gather: all involved parties (voluntarily) come together in a safe and private room.

- Framing: the facilitator will begin by opening the circle (introductions, community agreements, forecasting the process).
- **Restorative Questions**: the group will go around the circle a few times, each time answering a pre-determined question. The facilitator will have the questions ready.
  - The facilitator will remind participants to "listen to hear, not to respond."
- Reach an Agreement: once all questions are answered, the group  $(\circlearrowleft)$ can then draft an agreement and confirm commitments.
- Conclusion: the facilitator will have all participants sign any agreement that is reached and then close out the circle..

When choosing a talking piece, use something that holds **shared meaning** or is symbolic among the participants or based on the topic.



A photo



Stress ball



Mascot/ Stuffed animal



### **CIRCLE RESOURCES**

#### HELPFUL CYS RESOURCES RELATING TO CIRCLES

**Facilitating A Circle** - A Snapshot:

**5 Things You Should Know About A Circle:**  **Circles for the Adult Community** 

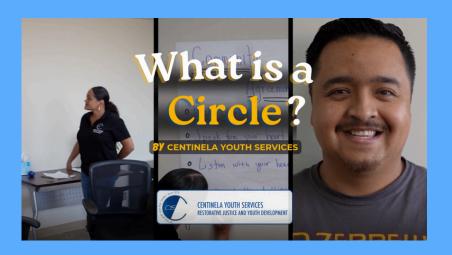






### INTERESTED TO SEE WHAT AN **ACTUAL CIRCLE LOOKS LIKE?**

Watch this demonstration.



"Facilitators in restorative circles aren't just there to guide the conversation; they're also there to share their own experiences—both the highs and lows—and to serve as models for what vulnerability and accountability can look like."

-Center for Justice Innovation [1]



# **CIRCLE QUESTIONS**

THE QUESTIONS ASKED DURING A CIRCLE PROCESS SET THE TONE FOR THE SPACE. THE CHOSEN QUESTIONS SHOULD HELP PARTICIPANTS FEEL SAFE AND VALUED

- Use questions that are **restorative**. Restorative questions are open-ended and non-leading. They allow the people listening to get a better sense of the person speaking, and also elicit introspection from the speaker.
- Avoid "why" questions. Questions that are rooted in "why" can make people feel judged or blamed, which can be triggering.
- Sample questions:
  - What happened?
  - What was going on in your mind when this occurred?
  - o How have you felt since?
  - Who do you believe was impacted by what was done?
  - What do you believe you need to do to make things right?
- Take it further than the timeline pull out the story behind the actions and events. Ask questions that get at the internal thoughts and feelings that came with those actions and events.

### **VIRTUAL CIRCLES**

While in person circles permit a different level of connection. virtual circles are possible as well. Check out this **example** of a virtual community-building circle:



